

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

V. XIII.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, FEB. 3, 1898.

No. 16

MUST:

BE...

SOLD

To make room for Spring Goods

25 per cent off

ALL TOYS FOR THE

Month of
January
()

HENDERSON & PARKER

Duggists and Stationers,
QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W.

COMPLETE OUTFITS AND ALL SUPPLIES

FOR THE...

Canadian

Gold

Fields

Can be obtained from

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,

Who have GENERAL
STORES at

Winnipeg,

Calgary,

Edmonton,

Vancouver,

Victoria,

And other points. Pamphlet
containing Map of the

KLONDYKE

And other mining districts,
will be mailed free on applica-
tion. For full information
write

The Hudson's Bay Company

At any of the above points.

The New Furniture Store

At Qu'Appelle Station is now open, and a full line of
House Furnishings on hand at very low prices.

HOLIDAY GOODS A SPECIALTY

PARLOR SUITES,
BEDROOM SUITES,
IRON and WOOD BEDSTEADS,
WIRE SPRINGS,
MATTRESSES (wool and mixed)
SIDEBOARDS,
BUREAUS,

FINE and COMMON ROCKERS,
DINING-ROOM CHAIRS,
COMMON CHAIRS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
COMMON TABLES,
EASY CHAIRS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
BOYS' SLEIGHS, Etc.

CHEAP FOR CASH
J. DOOLITTLE & CO.

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY Qu'Appelle Valley Flour Mills, Fort Qu'Appelle

ESTABLISHED 1881.

CRISTING.

Brin, Shorts, Chop, Cracked Wheat.

Chopper for Grinding Feed Stuff. Full supply always on hand at
C. Turner & Co., Qu'Appelle Station.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON, Proprietors.

S. H. Caswell & Co.,

BANKERS,

Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS
PROMPTLY MADE.

Five Per Cent. Interest Allowed
on Deposit Accounts.

CORRESPONDENTS:
MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg.
MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA,
Toronto.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of
the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - A 33a.

CITY MEAT MARKET

J. BROWN,

(Successor to R. Johnston.)

WHOLESALE
AND RETAIL

Butcher.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS, AND
POULTRY.

Fresh and Smoked Fish a ways on hand.
Pork (Fresh and Salt), Bacon, Smoked
Hams, Shoulders, Bologna and Pork
Sausages.

CALL AND SEE US.

Main St., Qu'Appelle Station. Assa

WOLSELEY

FLOUR.

Buckwheat Flour
Graham Flour
Oats, Rolled Oats
Indian Meal
Timothy Seed
Herbageum
Flax Seed.
Flax Seed Meal. Meal from No. 1
hard wheat.

ALWAYS ON HAND
- GIVE US A CALL.

W. McFARLANE,
One door north of Massey-Harris building,
Qu'Appelle Station.

T. E. SUNBEAM Farming Company

(Limited),

London, England, and Indian Head

Having resolved to wind up,

The Horses, Oxen & Implements

Will be sold

BY AUCTION

for cash, at an early date, unless otherwise
disposed of. Time and place will be
announced in good time.

ALBERT A. M. DALE, Liquidator
164 Qu'Appelle Station.

A Great Snap

FOR SALE

The Stock of

G. H. V. BULYEA

Consisting of

Bedsteads,
Mattresses,
Pillows, Etc.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Picture Mouldings

AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

W. MACK.

C. T. Bailey & Co.'s Warehouse.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 4th
day of May, 1898, at the hour of two
o'clock a.m., at the Rosenberg Schoolhouse,
there will be offered for sale by public auc-
tion, in accordance with the terms and
provisions of the School Ordinance of the
N.W.T., providing for the sale of lands for
arrears of school taxes, certain lands sit-
uated in Rosenberg School District, No. 286,
N.E. 1/4 Sec 10, Tp. 19, Range 16, west of
2nd meridian.

WILLIAM BERNT,
Treas., Edenwold P.O.

For Sale.

I HAVE FOR SALE either one of the
two following bulls, namely, one short
horn roan bull, three years old, from im-
ported stock; one black Galloway bull, three
years old. For particulars apply to
164 J. B. NORTH, Fort Qu'Appelle.

Curling.

Curling has taken a great spurt
this week, a game being pulled off
nearly every evening, and as a
result the Harvey competition is
well under way, and one game has
been played in the Joyner & Elk-
ington competition.

On Tuesday night MacCaul and
McEwen battled for the four bags
of flour donated by Joyner & Elk-
ington, of Fort Qu'Appelle, McE-
Ewen winning the cake—or rather
the flour.

On Wednesday evening Mc-
Naughton and Bailey had a battle
royal in the Harvey competition.
The game may be estimated from
the fact that the score stood 6-8 in
favor of Bailey.

To-day a very interesting single-
handed game was played between
Mr. McEwen and Dr. Carthew for
the district medal won at Fort Qu'-
Appelle last winter. McEwen won
by four points.

Change of Business.

Mr. D. Brown, late foreman of
Edgeley farm, has succeeded Mr.
R. Johnston as wholesale and re-
tail butcher. Mr. Brown is well
known in Qu'Appelle owing to his
having resided in the neighborhood
for some time, and we wish him
every success in his new under-
taking. Mr. Brown is retaining
the services of Mr. J. Bird, which
will go far to ensure the success
of the new business. Mr. Bird is
too well known as a first class
butcher to need any further re-
marks in these columns.

Fort Qu'Appelle.

Mr. F. S. Proctor has been re-
quested by the late E. W. Brine's
legal representatives in England
to look after his affairs.

At the annual school meeting
held on Jan. 29th, Mr. A. E. Ire-
dals was elected school trustee by
acclamation. The reports were
satisfactory. The school rate for
this year is 7 1/2 mills.

Wheat 75 and coming in freely.
The flour mill is running night
and day.

Big Fire in Winnipeg.

On Wednesday morning last fire
broke out in the McIntyre Block,
Winnipeg. In two short hours
eight of Winnipeg's finest retail
stores, the Criterion restaurant,
about fifty offices, three halls and
the rooms and office of the Mani-
toba University, entailing a loss of
from one-half to three-quarters of a
million dollars, went up in smoke.
The origin of the fire is a mystery.

Good-bye! To the Yukon!

A large crowd assembled at the
station to say farewell to G. H. V.
Bulyea, M.L.A., on his departure
for the Yukon. Mrs. Bulyea was
unable to accompany him to the
coast, owing to what we hope may
only prove temporary indisposition.
We all hope to see Mr. Bulyea back
again safe and sound.

Lebret.

Mr. J. J. Smith, B.A., is now in
charge of Lebret school, Mr. J. A.
Joyce having gone to Marchmont,
Ont. The attendance of children
is over twenty daily, with a pros-
pect of more shortly.

Mr. M. M. Seymour, M.D., came
back from Calgary hale and hearty,
and speaking highly of the west.
Our doctor was elected vice-presi-
dent of the Medical association for
the present year. Hearty congratu-
lations.

The Qu'Appelle Indian band,
conducted by Mr. Stack, is making
wonderful progress, and it really is
a treat to listen to their playing.
Mr. Stack is also teaching younger
boys, so that when some of the old

ones leave, their places can be filled
up. Mr. Stack is an ardent musi-
cian. He deserves great credit for
the trouble he takes to teach these
Indians.

Rev. Father Valse, of the In-
dustrial school, Touchwood, is stay-
ing at the Mission on his way to
Winnipeg. He reports all the In-
dians doing well on the reserve this
winter.

Died, on the 26th ult., at the
Industrial school, Louis, a young
Indian, after a long illness, borne
with resignation and patience. R.
I.P.

The government ice house is be-
ing filled ready for next summer,
and all hope for a good creamery
season.

A number of people round here
talking of going to the Klondyke are
in the spring, but we fear that few
will brave the long trip.

Mr. Eckerd, lately employed in
the felt factory, is leaving Lebret
for Fort Qu'Appelle, where he in-
tends opening a shoe shop of his
own.

Farmers are selling wheat at
Fort Qu'Appelle for 75c. Good
prices are being paid at the Fort
mill.

Mr. C. Coupal, merchant, will
visit the capital this week.

Dr. Chase's Cures Cataract after Oper-

ations Fail.

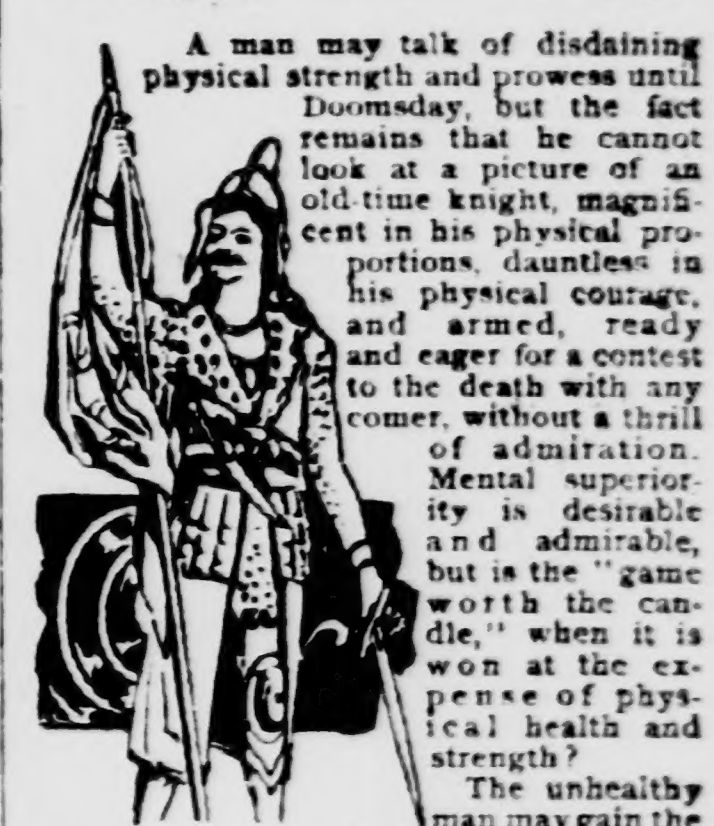
Toronto, March 16th, 1897.

My boy, aged four years, had been
from cataract, and lately we submitted him
to an operation at the General Hospital.
Since then we have resorted to Dr. Chase's
Cataract Cure, and one box of this medicine
has made a prompt and complete cure.

H. G. Ford.

Foreman, Cowan Ave. Fire Hall.

—A meeting of Vernonites was
held at Vernon Bluff farm, on
Thursday last at 2 o'clock, to con-
sider the erection of a church for
the district. Most of the houses
in the settlement sent a representa-
tive. Mr. Cooper kindly promised
the site, and by Mrs. Cameron's
suggestion it was decided to call
the church St. Thomas, Vernon.
The stone for the building of the
same has been promised by parish-
ioners. It is proposed to cart the
required stone to the site as soon as
possible. Mr. Alf. Whiting was ap-
pointed chairman of the executive
committee, with power to choose his
own committee.



A man may talk of disdaining
physical strength and prowess until
Doomsday, but the fact
remains that he cannot
look at a picture of an
old-time knight, magni-
ficent in his physical pro-
portions, dauntless in
his physical courage,
and armed, ready
and eager for a contest
to the death with any
comer, without a thrill
of admiration.
Mental superior-
ity is desirable
and admirable,
but is the "game
worth the candle," when it is
won at the ex-
pense of physical
health and
strength?
The unhealthy
man may gain the
pity and even the admiration of men and
women, but it is a question whether such a
man ever thoroughly gains their respect.
The man whose arteries bound with the
rich, red blood of health carries with him a
force and an intensity that command re-
spect, even though he be slightly inferior
mentally to the weak, nervous man. While
no medicine in the world will add an inch
to a man's stature, there is one famous
medicine that will fill the veins and arte-
ries with the rich, red, bounding blood of
perfect health. It is Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery. It is the great blood-
maker and blood-purifier. When the blood
is pure and rich and red and plenty, and
filled with the life giving elements that
nourish every tissue of the body, it is im-
possible for a man to suffer from ill-health
of any description. When every little
blood vessel in the lungs quivers with the
rush of healthy blood, it is impossible to
have unhealthy lungs. When the walls of
the stomach are nourished with healthy
blood, dyspepsia and indigestion are im-
possibilities. When the liver is supplied
with healthy blood it is bound to be active.
The skin that is nourished with healthy
blood will be clear and fresh and glow with
health. "Discovery" is sold by druggists.

Mr. Isaac B. Downs, of Spring Valley, Rock-
land Co., N. Y., writes: "For three years I suf-
fered from that terrible disease, consumption. I
had wasted away to a skeleton. To-day I tip
the scales at 160 and am well and strong. The
"Golden Medical Discovery" cured me."

WOMAN AND HOME.

GIRLS WHO EARN THEIR LIVING MAKING BICYCLE TIRES.

The Education of the Servant—Housekeeping Made Easy—How to Wear Corsets. That Stitch in Time—Matting For Floor Covering.

Almost all the work on the pneumatic tires for bicycles is done by girls. In many of the shops, indeed, there are women to superintend the work. Only where main strength is required, as in putting the tire on the wooden rim, is man called into service. There is nothing particularly objectionable about the work. The odor of the rubber is not pleasant, but the girls get used to it after awhile.

They are obliged to stick their bare hands in a sticky, ill smelling mixture, which is smeared on the outer covering of the tire to make it more or less impervious to tacks and such things. At first their hands are apt to crack, but they harden after awhile. As a rule the work is done in big, roomy factories, and the girls who do the work say they have absolutely nothing to complain of, so why should any more outsider long to inoculate them with the virus of discontent.

They are mostly very young, these bicycle girls, ranging from 14 to 20 years old. Most of them have found their first wage earning employment in the bicycle shop. A few older ones are required to fasten the ends of the rubber tubes together and to put the valves in place. These operations require good judgment and deftness of fingers.

Lizzie Shannon is one of these older ones. She confesses to having passed her twenty third birthday, and adds that she is getting near the old maid line. Lizzie lives with her three brothers and her mother on the top floor of an old fashioned tenement house.

"Yes, I know," she says, "folks think factory girls don't like housework, but it



LIZZIE SHANNON.

isn't true. All the girls I know like to fix up their homes. Most of them that don't go home to their dinner spend their lunchtime making fancy work for their homes. Most of us would rather do housework—that is, in our own homes, of course. I wouldn't work in anybody's kitchen for no money. I don't know why, but I wouldn't.

"Our families need our earnings. We know when we are real small that we must go to work some day and help support ourselves and the rest of the children. Of course the girls don't expect to stay at it always. No girl wants to be an old maid if she can help it. Once in awhile a girl stays on to work after she gets married, but she only expects to stay for a little while until they have money enough to furnish their rooms nicely. I think it's very foolish for a girl to marry a man who can't support her. I don't think married women should be allowed to work in shops—there are so many girls who need the work and haven't anybody to take care of them.

"There aren't any married women in our shop, except the forelady, and she's a grass widow. She gets the highest pay in the shop, \$10 a week. I got the next highest, \$7.50. The other girls get from \$4.50 to \$6. Some of the beginners get only \$3, but they'll get more after awhile. All of the girls in our place live at home with their folks except four or five. They board with friends. They're treated just like one of the family, you know, and they pay \$2 a week.

"I like the work better than anything else I ever worked at. I worked in a store a long time, until I got sick from standing so much. In the tire factory you don't have to suit anybody but just the forelady and she's nice to us. In the store some of the floorwalkers are horrid, and then there's the head of the stock and the ladies. They're hard to suit mostly. And then you have to be more particular about your dress. You can't wear out your shabbiest things at work as you can here. And the girls are better to each other in the factory. We're like one big family."—Boston Globe.

The Education of the Servant.

Let us suppose that a new maid has entered your employ. However capable she may be, you must first acquaint her with the plan of your work, which differs in a score of details from that of any other home in the land. Now comes the first test of your wisdom. If you are capable of measuring the girl's present ability and wisely fit the work to the individual, you make a rare and happy beginning and are already laying a foundation on which you may build. Only be satisfied with small beginnings—small enough to make it possible for the work accomplished to be perfect. Perfect work merits praise, and praise well deserved wakens courage and stimulates ambition. Now comes your golden opportunity. Teach well the three essentials which, according to the measure of natural ability, must bear fruit in an efficient service—order, cleanliness, economy. By natural laws, touching certain it all mankind and not the "favored few," there is no true peace of mind without or

der, no self respect without cleanliness. Therefore it is time well spent to devote yourself to the servant as an individual till you have brought these great truths home to her soul.

I have pleaded for the education of the servant. A word may be added in justification of this plea. In almost every department of manual labor there is offered to the one seeking its advantages a thorough, systematic training. The would be learner gladly pays the price of his apprenticeship, then, conscious of thorough preparation for service, enters it with courage. How is it with our servants?

What has been their training school? Who has taken the pains to teach them "one thing at a time," and made the foundation so complete that greater things could be built upon it? Nine out of ten have not had such training, as we well know. They have been compelled to grapple with six kinds of work before understanding the principles underlying any one. What wonder they do not progress. We who in our schools develop the mind of the child by gauging the steps so carefully from the known to the unknown—can we do better than apply the same rule in dealing with these children of an older growth who come within our reach and need this help so much? When we thus get to the level of each individual mind and, estimating the present capacity, commence at that point a system of true development, we may begin to hope for intelligent, reliable servants who know on entering service that they must pay for a knowledge of all things essential by a full apprenticeship, but that beyond the special training there lies the opportunity for growth.—Florence Dow.

Housekeeping Made Easy.

"I sat in my carriage the other evening waiting for a man to put up a package of vegetables and watched a number of farm laborers as they finished up the odds and ends of their day's work. The barn was about 50 feet from the house, and five times did those men make the journey back and forth, each with two pails of water in his hands. The arrangement of the place was somewhat peculiar. All the rainwater from the barn roof was conducted by pipes to a cistern at the house. From this the men drew and carried it as described. The pump was about 20 feet from the house door, and to it the wife and daughter were obliged to come whenever water was required. The way was entirely uncovered and unprotected from the snows of winter and the heat of summer. I could not help thinking how much more sensible it would have been to have a cistern at the barn and a pump in the kitchen.

"This farm and house are types of the sort of economy that prevails around most places belonging to men of moderate means. Twenty-five dollars would have built the cistern and saved that wearisome procession that 265 days in the year, three times a day and three or four times at each meal, hour, traveled back and forth, filling and emptying water pails. It costs something to put conveniences in and about a house, but there is nothing that pays better. Every householder should strain a point to provide the few greater appliances that will remove from domestic work the worst elements of drudgery.

"Every house should have water in the kitchen at least, easy access to the cellar, wood and coal storage accessible and in good order, a kitchen range as good as the circumstances will permit, stationary laundry tubs with proper drainage and a place to put away the various utensils that are occasionally required about a kitchen. Good health and strength are too valuable to be wasted in unnecessary toil. An experienced housekeeper said that women exhaust as much vitality in taking needless steps and doing that which might be much simplified or obviated altogether as they do in performing the imperative duties of their position. This may be a rather broad assertion, but it certainly is one that affords material for serious thought."—Exchange.

How to Wear Corsets.

Wear nothing under the corsets but a silk or fine thread knitted vest. Over the vest put on the corsets as smoothly fitted to the hips as possible, all fullness drawn smoothly back, with the yoke edge below the waist line. Nothing else belongs under corsets.

With a pair of long silk laces lace in the usual way, but with the draw laces a little lower than the belt line. Open out the laces to their utmost stretch, even all the length of back. Take a rough Turkish towel double and hold one end by the chin pressed against the breast, so that the towel hangs doubled over the front of the body almost to the knees. Hook the corsets loosely around the body, with the towel inside.

Begin slowly at the very bottom to draw in the laces. Stop, bend forward, pull the bottom of corsets down with one hand, at the same time pull the towel slowly up with the other for a space of a few inches, then draw a little tighter the bottom of the lacing.

Bend forward and draw up the towel while pulling down corsets, first on one side, then on the other. Work the hips into place by twisting to right and left. In this way draw up the towel while tightening the laces from bottom up. When the towel is drawn out, pull the laces taut, tie firmly either at back or crossed and drawn to the front and tied under one edge of back. The back opening must present a slender V shape, meeting at the bottom. Don't wear a corset cover except when it is fully laced as a blouse lining.

The upper skirt should not have a band, but be flatly fitted to the hips. A small hook on the back prevents the skirts from riding up in front. Except for slender figures, I advise the underskirt basted to the lower edge of corsets. I do not think that a few hours of tight corsets put on in this way can injure a woman if there is no dragging weight at the same time. For ordinary house wear I believe in no corsets or health waists of any kind. The body requires to breathe from the pores of the skin.

These suggestions to plump women are given by an artist who has made a study of the subject in her own case.—Harper's Bazar.

That Stitch in Time.

Little things are liable to be overlooked, especially the small rips and rents in garments. A certain woman went about all

one winter with a one inch rip in her woolen house dress. When the place was first noticed, her attention was called to it, but she smiled and said carelessly: "Oh, yes! I keep forgetting to sew it, but the bone prevents it from becoming larger." Nearly every day some one, among them her husband, reminded her of the broken stitches, but her easy going rejoinder was always ready.

"Perhaps she was a busy woman," suggests one who has excuses for everything. Oh, no! She had no housework to do and found a great amount of leisure for painting and embroidering. So there was no possible excuse for such neglect. I have many times wondered if the gown was ever mended or worn out as it was.

It is just these trivial things that count, after all—the broken glove, rusty shoe, knotted shoestring, tiny rent, hanging button or soiled spot. In most boarding schools the young ladies are expected to devote a part of each Saturday to the inspection and repairing of such garments as show defects. I think this plan is worthy of imitation in every home where there are young girls. Teach them to look after their clothing, and especially in families of small income, for clothing well

cared for will last nearly twice as long, besides looking better, old or new.

Sponging and pressing are just as necessary as the needle and thread, giving a freshness that nothing else will to the crushed revers, drabbed skirt or soiled front breadth.

Every woman should take a certain pride in her personal appearance. This time for furishing and repairing is never wasted. Besides prolonging the life of a garment it gives one the satisfaction of knowing she is neatly dressed, whether the gown is of satin duchesse or 8 centingham.—Mrs. J. W. Wheeler in Good Housekeeping.

Matting For Floor Covering.

If only all housekeepers knew the value and comfort of matting, how much worry and work would be saved, how many dull houses would look cheery! If you own your home and have hard wood floors, thank kindly destiny and dismiss the subject. But if you live in a rented house or cannot afford hard floors, if for any reason you are considering the subject of floor coverings, pause long before passing over the advantages of matting. It is clean, fresh and easily cared for. It is a perfect floor covering in summer and an excellent background for rugs in winter—from the cheapest to the richest—adding to the cheerfulness of a room, yielding all accumulated dust to light brushing, possessing indeed almost every advantage that a floor covering can have, with no disadvantages. In making a move or refitting a house every yard of it can be utilized. It is easily renovated by soap and salt water and can be matched or pieced, using the whole parts in two rooms to make one good complete room.

Lastly, it is cheap, its growing popularity having so encouraged its manufacture or importation that it is to be had almost everywhere in great variety at moderate cost. To sum up its merits, matting gives a house a fresh, clean feeling, a sense of cheerfulness that no other floor covering gives. Its soft, new colorings make it available in the most carefully studied color schemes. It is pleasant to walk upon, is a practical protest against dust and microbes—is, in fact, both wholesome and satisfactory.—Ella Morris Kretschmar in Woman's Home Companion.

Lady Randolph Churchill.

Lady Randolph Churchill never "makes up" at all, but she keeps her youth by means of daily lotions used in the right way. She is one of those women who are always exquisitely groomed. Her face is clean, absolutely so, without trace of powder or paint upon it. It is a fresh face and a lovely face, although her complexion is what you might call olive.

This is the way Lady Randolph Churchill keeps her fresh complexion. Every night when she goes to bed she rubs a bit of grease into her face, using sometimes a preparation of tallow and sometimes plain vasoline. She rubs it well into her forehead, for this is where the wrinkles begin to show, and she takes care that it is massaged into every crease and fold of her neck. In the morning she washes it off with hot water, and then dashes her face with cold. By this simple means she keeps her natural beauty always perfect.—Exchange.

A Chinese Room.

A new and pleasing reception room is one fashioned on a somewhat modified Chinese model. The side walls are set with panels of rich Chinese goods; a rather light blue surface, over which are scattered brilliantly plumaged birds and gay, flowering plants. These panels are outlined by a narrow molding of black bamboo. The whole bright surface is set on a subdued base of fine matting in the usual color, overlaid with an open pattern of natural wood. There is an elaborate and exquisite frieze of appropriate design, about a foot deep, wrought deftly in bamboo. The ceiling is painted in the beautifully decorative national blue, with a most effective narrow border of black. The fireplace is shaped like a Chinese pagoda, and the familiar, though in this case unusually handsome, lanterns are suspended from each corner of the room.

House Plants.

Sometimes a potted plant becomes what gardeners call root bound—that is, the roots cling to the inside of the pot or get so entwined among themselves that the growth of the flower is much impeded. In such a case an application to loosen the roots is required. The following directions were given to one amateur florist for the purpose by a professional: Pour hot water on a little tobacco, a little soft soap and a pinch of salt. Let it stand until it becomes a jelly. Then strain and add a small quantity to the water with which the plants are tended every time that they are sprinkled.

Remember, the crust of bread is more digestible than the soft part and that coarse grain breads are better than smooth flour ones.

A glass of hot milk and a few peanuts make a good luncheon before retiring.

A pan of water stood in a hot oven will reduce the heat.

OPIE READ'S MENTALITY.

His Information Covers an Astonishing Range of Subjects.

William Lightfoot Vischer has an interesting article about Opie Read, the novelist, in The Woman's Home Companion, in the course of which he says:

"Those who read Opie Read's books may think they have some idea of the man's mentality, but it cannot be obtained in that way. One must be personally acquainted with him. He is one of the most interesting conversationalists to be met in a lifetime. Association with him is a literary school, and yet he does not 'talk shop.' He seems to have read everything—and remembered it. He shows this in his everyday conversation and without the slightest pedantry or affectation. No matter what the subject under consideration, he talks of it, glibly and wisely, from the standpoint of those who have made it a study, seasoned with common sense and logic. He is not a politician, on the contrary, rather dislikes political affairs, but he talks of such matters with a clearness, strength and spirit that would lead you to believe he had made a special study of parties, their men and measures of centuries and that he was altogether a past master of political economy. It is a part of the man's wide curriculum. He is entirely at home in what is best for one to eat and is versed in hygiene, but he suffers from indigestion. He is informed upon the conventionalities of high life and yet avoids conventional society. He gives strong reasons for pessimism, and yet he is a practical optimist. He loves literature, but would not allow the greatest author in the world to read a manuscript to him. He is actually more fond of music than any other man I ever saw and knows not a note of it, though he will catch an air the first time he hears it. He loves art, especially in painting, but he doesn't even write a good hand. He is an ardent admirer of women, but does not take attendance upon them. What he is great in body, mind and soul."

TERRIERS HARD TO DOSE.

Doctor Would Rather Treat a Bulldog Than One of Them.

"Give me any dog to treat but a fox terrier," said Dr. Rudolph B. Plageman, the canine specialist, the other day. "They not only are getting into trouble all the time, but they are harder to get out of it than all the other dogs combined. They are so quick and wiry and nervous that it is almost impossible to perform any surgical operation on them, and even when you think you have got them where they can do no harm they will wriggle and squirm around until the first thing you know, they have your hand or arm between their teeth and before they let go you know that they have been there. I had rather set a broken leg for a bulldog or a mastiff than treat one of these terriers for indigestion, a complaint, by the way, which seldom troubles them."

"The best dogs to treat in sickness or for an accident are the French poodles. They are wise in the first place than most men, and they have both the sand and the sense to submit to treatment without making a row about it.

"Next to the poodle, I consider the Irish terrier the most tractable. He is, to be sure, of much the same temperament as the fox terrier, but he is more kindly disposed and is not continually looking upon you as an enemy."

"Speaking of fox terriers, it is a curious thing how the styles in them have changed in the last few years. It is not so long ago that the flat, broad skull, with the ears lying closely against it, was the only permissible thing. Now a prize winner has a skull round and narrow, with ears drooping down to the side of it. And the coat is all different now. Instead of being comparatively thin and soft, the aim is to make it as thick as possible. If they keep on, they will evolve the terrier into a singhound."—New York Press.

A Dinner at Alina Tadema's.

The table was luxuriously spread, in perfect harmony with the elegant dining room. Wherever the eye rested was the same tasteful arrangement, the same originality of design, elegance without being in the least tawdry. We were a cheerful company. Mr. Tadema was merry, as usual. After dinner we went to the billiard room, a lovely hall, where Alina Tadema beats his wife or she beats him. They seem to have got used to beating one another, though I should judge that their honeymoon is not yet quite over. I think I should have enjoyed myself better if I could have beaten one of them at billiards, but the time was limited.

Mine host is quite a dandy in his choice of cigars and wines. While we were sitting there smoking more guests, both ladies and gentlemen, came in—interesting, indeed charming, people all, mostly English. It was not long before we were called to the supper table—the English make few full steps between meals. I wasn't hungry, but everything looked so inviting that I partook with a relish. Mr. Tadema uncorked a lot of fresh jokes and clever stories—the good fellow has such a happy faculty for hitting people on their funny sides—and we had a right jolly time. After the supper it was a delight to see the same beautiful women of the party moving about or sitting before the exquisite backgrounds which the studio affords. It was like a gallery of living pictures, where all the figures were posing without knowing it.—Time and the Hour.

IDENTITY OF LOHENGRIIN.

One Learned Man at Least Thinks He Has Discovered It.

German historians, and of late years the votaries of Wagner more especially, have made frequent guesses as to the identity of Lohengrin, the knight who mysteriously appears with an accompaniment of swans and soft music and as mysteriously disappears when it occurs to Elsa von Brabant—not unnaturally, it would seem to the unprejudiced, though somewhat tardily—that she would like to know something definite concerning the man to whom she has given her hand. As Herr I. F. D. Blote, in a recent article in a German philological journal points out, however, long before medieval poetry celebrated him as the founder of the house of Brabant, he had been assigned by the French troubadours to a connection with the family of Godefroi de Bouillon. In order to give this favorite hero of theirs the glory of a

supernatural origin the French singers picked out from their legendary lore the swan knight Helyas, as he is called in the French epics, and made him the grandfather of Godefroi de Bouillon.

The enterprising writer of the article has succeeded, he thinks, in identifying this semi-mythical personage as a real one. This he has done by actual genealogy. Godefroi's younger brother Randonne, later on king of Jerusalem, was married to Godehilde, the only daughter of a Seigneur de Toeni in Normandy. The grandfather of this Godehilde was Roger I. de Toeni, who died in 1040, and it is he to whom the writer mentioned assigns the role of the swan knight. He bases his assumption upon the following argument, which fully agrees with tradition: Roger de Toeni had as coat of arms a swan; he liberated the oppressed Countess of Barcelona from her enemies, received as reward the hand of her daughter and later on retired, for well known reasons, to his own country. The main facts of this story remained in the popular memory, although the locality and names were forgotten and tradition applied to them new names and places, adding also, in time, the mysterious attributes of the knight as well as his command of his bride never to inquire his origin. So, at least, Herr Blote tells us, and until we are able to get a better explanation of the rise of this saga we may as well accept his.—St. Louis Republic.

BLEW IN THE WRONG PIPE.

A Lesson For the Boy Which Failed in Its Purpose.

"I have sworn off being a public educator," said an up town citizen.

"My grocer's boy has a habit of whistling up through the speaking tube in our flat in a way that is deafening. The shrieks that come through the whistle end of the tube are blood curdling. The other day I determined to give him a lesson and, after he had had his usual morning fun with my nerves, I called him up stairs."

"I showed him the whistle. He didn't appear to know what was at that end of the pipe and apparently thought that when he blew he started off an alarm clock or something of that kind."

"I will go down to the office, I told him, 'and blow just as you blow. I will show you what a horrible noise it makes. You stand with your ear to the whistle.'"

"I went down stairs determined to give him a lesson that he would remember until his dying day. I filled my lungs and blew and blew and blew until I was red in the face. Just as I was preparing for another series of blasts and wondering what the boy's tympanum was like I was yanked away from the pipe, and my next door neighbor, who evidently imagined that I was a surreptitious peeper, said—well, never mind what he said. I had been blowing through the wrong pipe!"—New York Commercial.

Working a Telegram.

"I don't know whether it's generally acknowledged," said a woman who was sitting with the composition of a telegram the other day, "but if you want a put a great deal into a little use a word of Latin derivation. Words so derived are longer and clumsier than the good solid English, but they are certainly more concentrated. They contain more. For instance, 'once' is two words and is as reckoned in telegraphic rates. But the 'instantly,' which means just the same thing, is but one word. It is the same way with lots of others. 'Put up with' is synonymous with 'endure,' as 'chide' is with 'censure,' 'speak to' with 'reprove' and many more. It is so much the fashion nowadays to deary the word of Latin derivation, to accuse it of being pedantic and heavy and ill suited to the best language, the clearest, expression, that I am more ready to ascribe any good quality to it, and certainly this attribute of concentration is not a bad one. Where telegrams are concerned it is a very useful and economical consideration. It has always seemed to me that it wasn't the use, but the abuse, of the Latin word that is to be denounced. It is Latin for solemnity, simplicity and clearness in language. Latin words are like jewels of any old dress ornament—they should be used sparingly and with effect, or they will make any impression. It's another proof of the statement that somebody else has made that those old Romans said less and did more than any other nation on earth."—New York Sun.

Childhood Precocity.

It is a recognized fact by all authorities that the most impressionable age of children is between 6 and 9 years. Between these ages the child's observations are the keenest and the memory most retentive. At this time parents should be most particular, as the whole after life of the child may be affected by the training it receives. A wholesome, moral atmosphere in the home, with proper care for the health of the child and a firmness in the part of the parents in respect to the wishes, will become impressed upon the child's mind in such a manner that in later years the memory will still cling to these surroundings, and it will have a great influence on the character of the child when it reaches manhood or womanhood.—Life and Health.

A Bad Scheme.

Mrs. Seraggs—And why did your girl leave?

Mr. Blinks—I paid her in advance.

Mrs. Seraggs—I shouldn't think she would object to that.

Mr. Blinks—She didn't. It pleased her so she couldn't work.—New York Ledger.

The cheapening of literature in England has resulted in the production of books creditably printed and sold for a penny. Dickens, Scott, Goldsmith, Lytton and other standard authors, bound in stiff covers, are now procurable in this series.

Aring looked up bitterly from the book he was reading. The words "one touch of nature" had caught his eye and had started a train of thought.

"I wish it were possible," he soliloquized, "I've touched everybody else."—Chicago Tribune.

A feature of the population statistics in Western Australia is the large proportion of males to females. The disparity is maintained in the arrivals by sex. At present there are 45 females to every 100 males.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

A FEW BRIEF PARAGRAPHS FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

The Flotsam and Jetsam of the World Around us Portrayed in Condensed Items, Which Treat of Men and Things in a General Way.

Count Tisa, ex-premier of Hungary, is dead.

Morton & Co., general store-keepers, of Fort William, have assigned.

M. Ernest Bazin, inventor of the roller steamer, died recently in Paris, France.

Lieut. General Sir Frederick Dobson Middleton, keeper of the crown jewels is dead.

Ninety million whitefish eggs are being hatched at Windsor for placing in the great lakes.

The Canadian parliament will be asked to vote \$500,000 towards training men for the royal navy.

Large quantities of food and quinine have been shipped from New York to the distressed Cubans.

The United States desires a modification of the treaty of Ghent, to enable the building of warships on the lakes.

The Spanish government will ask the next Cortes to vote \$8,000,000 for strengthening the Spanish navy.

Panama and Neche will soon have long distance communication with the south. Extensions to Winnipeg are also probable.

Fac similes of the first newspaper published in Dawson City are being scattered broadcast by enterprising Yukon agents in the east.

Since the death the other day in Hamilton, Ont., of the county clerk, no one shows the combination of the safe, and all attempts to open it have failed.

Four of the big insurance companies doing business in North Dakota and Minnesota have withdrawn from East Grand Forks and policies will be cancelled.

At Kelley's Island, Ohio, Joseph Folk sold his two daughters for \$100, giving them in lieu of money each to satisfy a debt of \$50, which he could not otherwise meet.

Since placing a state bounty on wolves killed in North Dakota it is estimated that no fewer than 10,000 have been killed. The state must pay for these about \$30,000.

McKenzie and Mann, contractors, will complete a trail from Telegraph Creek to Teslin lake before March 10th, and a railway between the same points by September 1st, 1898.

Rev. Dr. Dewar, of Toronto, is likely to run as a Liberal candidate for North Toronto against G. F. Marter. He has consented to do so if the party wishes, and would undoubtedly make a pretty strong candidate.

A petition has been filed at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, for the winding up of the Georgian Bay Ship Canal and Aqueduct company. It was filed on behalf of the New York Journal, which claims a sum of \$1,100 for a two page write up given the company two years ago.

The unclaimed jewels and curios to the value of \$150,000, which were found in the ruins after the fire at the charity bazaar in Paris, have been sold at auction. The money realized is to remain bonded for 50 years, after which all the money unclaimed goes to the state.

By the decisive vote of 41 to 25 the United States Senate has decided to proceed at once with the consideration of the resolution introduced a few days ago by M. Teller, of Colorado providing for the payment of bonds of the United States in silver at the option of the government.

The Russian army has sent a costly sword as a present to the Emperor Menelik, in Abyssinia. On one side an inscription in Russian says: "Be in good health, O, hero." On the other side the words in Abyssinian: "Never falter." The money for the sword was raised by subscription.

The Vatican statistician announces that last year the congregation of cardinals received 49 applications for the annulment of marriage, took about half of them into consideration, and cut the bonds in only six cases. Old fashioned ideas as to the sanctity of marriage still rule at the Vatican.

"The London Pall Mall Gazette" says: "Our latest information in regard to Mr. Gladstone's condition continues to be more grave. There has been no improvement since our last announcement. We say this in spite of all statements to the contrary and with a full sense of our responsibility in doing so."

The St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary commission's report has been handed in to the justice department. It will show that goods have been paid for two or three times over, that goods have been purchased at five times their real value and that officers appropriated to themselves property of the government.

The influence of the Klondike rush upon the trade of Canada in general can be estimated from the fact that some east rail firms have already orders for the total output of their factories. This extends also to several lines of trade, notably that of blankets, compressed foods, knitted goods and other materials required by the Klondikers.

Messrs. Evans, Coleman & Evans, of Vancouver, will dispatch a special messenger to Dawson, for the express purpose of carrying mails. He will leave Vancouver on the Islander about Feb. 2nd. Only a limited number of letters can be taken at \$3 for a half ounce or under. A list of letters will be posted up in Dawson immediately on the messenger's arrival.

A proposition now before the federal government for establishing a navy reserve, includes the fitting up of coast re-

venue cruisers during the winter months and securing a man of war from the British authorities for use as a training ship. In this way men employed on the revenue cruisers through the summer would be available for service in the British navy should an occasion arise.

SPANISH TRIUMPH.

Important Surrender of Cuban Insurgent Leaders.

The Spanish authorities report that the insurgent general Juan Maso Parra, with the forces under his command, Lieutenant-Colonels Augustine, Fera, and Jose Carmen Hernandez; Majors Feliciano Quesada, Saturino, Leon Victoriano Gomez, with six other officers and 110 privates, well armed and well supplied with ammunition, have surrendered at Fermento to the Spanish general Aguirre, and Senor Marcos Garcia, governor of Santa Clara province. The insurgents are said to have formed in line and delivered up their arms according to the ordinance, shouting, "Long Live Spain!" "Long live the Queen regent!" "Long live Spanish Cuba!" and "Long live autonomy."

General Juan Maso Parra is a brother of Senor Bartolome Maso, president of the Cuban republic.

During the last ten days the insurgents are said to have lost 115 killed and thirty-four taken prisoners, with 242 Remington rifles. In addition to those who surrendered with General Juan Maso Parra, according to the Spanish authorities, fifty-six other armed men have surrendered, among them two lieutenant-colonels and three other officers. The Spanish troops, on the other hand, are said to have lost twelve killed and ninety-three wounded.

The Spanish minister at Washington received a cablegram from General Blanco confirming the preceding dispatch, and giving the details as there stated. General Blanco says the form of presentation was of such a dignified character as will serve as a model for those who follow. The cable continues: "The rank of Juan Maso, his close family connection with Bartolome Maso, president of the so-called Cuban republic, and the formal and military character of capitulation gives unusual importance to the act."

The Klondike Travel Increasing.

Mr. R. Kerr, general western freight and passenger agent of the C. P. R., is now in Vancouver on business connected with Klondike travel. He stated that the Tartar and Athenian steamers purchased by the C. P. R., to be placed on the Vancouver Wrangell route had sailed from Southampton on February 1st and 10th respectively, and would reach Vancouver at the end of March. In Kerr's opinion the Skikine River route will undoubtedly be the route to Klondike. In the first place there are no customs difficulties, the entire route being in Canadian territory. The steamers Tartar and Athenian will run in conjunction with the steamers Pakshan and Amoor, and each will make the round trip in a week, so that there will be four sailings weekly from Vancouver. On the Skikine river a fleet of sixteen to eighteen stern wheel steamers will be operated, and another fleet is being constructed for service on Teslin lake, from which point Dawson can be reached in three days. McKenzies and Mann, the well known railway contractors, are reported to have arranged for the construction of a railway from Glenora on the Skikine to Teslin lake and should build the road in four months from opening of navigation. When that is completed Kerr says the company can land people in Dawson from Vancouver in a week, while by covering the distance between Glenora and Teslin lake by pack train this journey would take a fortnight. The Skikine route is thus sure in his opinion to be the favorite.

Canadian Counterfeits Found.

In a one story frame house on Anne street, West Hoboken, N. Y., a police officer, Walter Nash, found \$85,000 in counterfeit \$100 Canadian bills. The money was only printed on one side. In this house, July 1885, Wm. Brockway, the notorious forger, and Mrs. Abbie Smith were arrested by a secret service agent and a large quantity of counterfeit money was found. Brockway was tried, found guilty of counterfeiting, and sentenced to a long term in New Jersey, while the Smith woman received a term of six years. Nash, who lives next door, searched the attic and found between the beams of the flooring the counterfeit money and plate. The bills are on the Bank of Montreal. Agent Bagge, of the secret service, has been notified and will take charge of the plate and bills. The house will probably be thoroughly searched again.

A Sub-Marine Telephone.

One of the most remarkable conversations on record took place in New York the other day. It was carried on over a telephone wire. At one end of the wire was Capt. Charles Jacques, superintendent of the Holland Submarine Boat company, in the New York office of that concern. At the other end of the wire sat Simon Lake, in the cabin of the submarine boat Argonaut, eight miles out in Baltimore harbor and 65 feet under water. A fairly stiff gale was blowing up above, but Mr. Lake's wonderful craft crawled along steadily on its submarine way, paying out its cables as it went; and Mr. Lake's voice could be heard in New York just as clearly as if the speaker was on dry land.

Where Did They Get It?

Popular curiosity as to how some politicians get rich so wonderfully quick is just now manifesting itself in Illinois. Some of the particular friends of Governor Tanner have accumulated large fortunes since that official assumed office, only a little over a year ago, and their friends are prompt to explain that these fortunes have all been made by lucky investments in wheat. Now comes a public spirited citizen of Chicago and offers, through the Times-Herald of that city, \$3,000 for the names of the wheat brokers through whom these sudden fortunes were made. At last accounts the offer had not been accepted.

UNCLE SAM'S DOMAIN.

Peculiar Incidents Respecting Our Neighbors Across the Border.

Finney county, in Kansas, started in the new year with a record that it doubtful if any other county of 5,000 in the United States can equal. The county poorhouse was the abode only of bats and owls, the county jail was tenantless and there had been but one new suit in the court in the preceding month.

One of the most novel excuses for wishing a divorce was recently given in an application made by W. T. Richardson, of Sherman, Texas, for legal separation from his wife. They have been married thirty years, but Richardson claims that she has been too faithful and constant to the memory of a former sweetheart, who died before they were married, and on this ground he asks the court to grant him a divorce.

C. W. Smith, a Moline, Ill., man, claims to have invented a process by which the common bituminous coal can be converted into anthracite and sold almost as cheaply as the soft coal. Mr. Smith said of his invention: "It removes all the gas and oil from the ordinary soft coal, reduces it to thirteen-twentieths anthracite and making a fuel much more valuable than either of the coals sold directly from the mines."

A war is on in Kansas between preachers and civil officers over the fees charged for performing the marriage ceremony. A new law fixes the maximum charge for this service by probate judges and justices of the peace at \$1.50. Until it went into effect they charged \$5, or as much as the bridegroom could stand. The new law does not affect preachers, who get from \$5 to \$10, but protests from them are coming in from all sections of the state. They claim that to get any of the business they are forced to marry people for \$1.50.

A novel industry was brought to light by the arrest of Nellie McConnell in New York city last week. It is customary for fashionable florists in that city to garnish their floral devices used at funerals with long streamers of broad ribbon of the richest silk or satin. It was for stealing these ribbons from the various cemeteries that Nellie was arrested, and when she was brought into court she declared that she had no intention of stealing, but thought it was a pity that such lots of fine material should be allowed to spoil in the open air. The occupation of gathering the ribbon was a profitable one, as the proceeds of a single morning's work was \$25.

Kentucky must look to her laurels as the state noted for her numerous colonels; a bill now before the Virginia legislature should pass. The bill provides that "inasmuch as many worthy gentlemen in this state find great difficulty in satisfying their laudable desires and ambitions to become colonels, therefore it is enacted by the general assembly of Virginia that any Virginian gentleman of good standing may apply to justice of the peace, and after taking the oath of office required by law, and particularly the anti-dwelling oath, and upon the payment of a fee of one dollar, each justice shall issue a warrant creating such applicant a colonel, with full rank for life."

BARBARIC SCENES.

A Disgraceful Row in the French Chamber of Deputies.

It is agreed on all sides that the recent scene in the French chamber of deputies, was almost without precedent, except the recent disturbance in the Austrian reichsrath. Curiously enough, Count Badeni, the former Austrian premier, witnessed it. He must have felt quite at home. After the chamber was cleared 125 torn off neckties were picked up together with many coats that had been torn by deputies from each others shoulders. M. Clovis Hughes, one of the deputies for the department of the Seine had a door slammed on his fingers, which were mutilated that he is now in the hands of a surgeon.

The scene of fighting around the tribune was unparalleled. Comte de Bernis is a retired cavalry officer, and has the tough manners of the bull fighting town of Nimes, where he will be a candidate at the next general election. M. Jaures is thick set, florid and hairy. M. Cavalet Richard is mild looking. The latter was hustled and knocked about like a football in his attempt to deal Comte de Bernis a blow. Some eight deputies were in the fight. Coats were torn to tatters and cravats were seized in the attempts to choke an opponent.

During a lull in the fight, M. Cavalet Richard was seen in tatters, his cravat torn off and his shirt front torn open. While the sympathizers were patting him on the back, suddenly Comte de Bernis bounded up the stairs of the tribune on all fours, like an animal, dealt M. Jaures a heavy blow on the back of the head and kicked him on the legs. M. Jaures was knocked over and stumbled down the steps. Picking himself up he saw Comte de Bernis making off with a crowd of deputies, while the remainder of the house booed him, crying "Coward and traitor." M. Jaures threw a knotted handkerchief after him. Comte de Bernis seemed paralyzed, and the house cheered M. Jaures while a body of Socialists made another rush at Comte de Bernis and the melee was renewed as furiously as ever. M. Berrison, president of the chamber, finding it hopeless to restore order, departed and the military entered at his request it is said, as he feared loss of life if the scenes continued. It seems that Comte de Bernis had provoked the animosity of the socialists at a previous meeting by accusing them of being in the pay of the Dreyfus syndicate. Several of the rightists have asked the Socialists to let the matter drop, on the ground that the Comte Bernis was not in his usual state.

The humorous element of the disgraceful scene was supplied by the Musulman deputy, M. Grenier, who was seen while in the attitude of prayer he assumed in the height of the fighting, helplessly waving his white burnous, giving the effect of a

huge duck flapping the water with its wings.

Opinions differ greatly as to the outcome of the affair. Some say the cabinet has gained a great victory, others believe a dissolution of parliament is imminent. Paris has the appearance of being in a state of siege, and four thousand police and soldiers hold the palace de la Concorde.

STARVATION IN NEWFOUNDLAND

Many Families Starving Because of Fishery Failures.

The alarming news has been received concerning the fishermen residing in East Dover, Shad Bay and other villages along the western shore, in Halifax county, Newfoundland. Many families are starving and destitution exists all along the shore. The mayor of Halifax has been requested to forward food and clothing immediately to the sufferers, and a committee has been organized to proceed in haste to the scene. There have been five successive failures of the fisheries and more than three hundred persons are living solely on cornmeal and water, while the others have nothing. More than one hundred houses have been visited and in ninety-three there were no food or fire, or the families were naked or starving. Many families have eaten nothing for five days. A number of small children have been badly frozen, one family was found huddled in a small unfurnished room on the floor on which ice had formed during the whole week. This family and others had existed for days on a scanty supply of cornmeal mixed in cold water.

Beware of "Sharks."

Letters have been received by the Hon. Mr. Sifton, minister of the interior, from Major Walsh, dated at the mouth of Big Salmon River, Christmas eve. The Major discusses the food problem as it will have to be faced after the territory is filled up with the new population that will go in next spring. He calculates that river boats will not be able to land more than one-half the supplies necessary to sustain the estimated population next summer. He does not believe that 50,000 people can get in. One part of his letter contains an important warning. He says: "I am informed that fifteen or twenty agents and brokers have come out from Dawson, carrying with them, some say hundreds, some say thousands, of certificates for entries on mines, on all the streams in the neighborhood, and to the mountain tops, with the hope that they can be put on the market and readily seized by the gullible public in the United States and Canada. They are trying to imitate the brokers of South Africa and Rossland. If this is true, there is no question but it will be injurious to the country, and to the good properties that may be put on the market."

"Jumbo" Wind Mill for Irrigation.

Hon. S. A. Cochrane, of Brookings, S. D., the state engineer of irrigation, is working up interest in an irrigation convention he desires to hold in February. He is not advocating irrigation by means of artesian wells, believing that system is too expensive and too complex for South Dakota people at the present time and therefore inviting failure and business disaster. One of his theories is that farmers should put up "jumbo" wind mills, which they can easily learn to make, and irrigate small tracts, varying the area from year to year. Such a wind mill with pump and all, would not cost, he declares, over \$30, and where the water supply was sufficient, ten acres or more might be irrigated and a reservoir 100 feet square kept well filled. If the supply was not adequate to such drain as this, fair sized tracts could be irrigated direct from pipes. He knew one man who irrigated four acres from a tank receptacle for water drawn from a well, and made it pay. He also believes in the feasibility of utilizing dry runs and natural ponds for the storage of water.—Minneapolis Farm Implements.

A Remarkable Document.

A few weeks ago Mr. J. E. Sogard, of Iowa, received a remarkably interesting document from Christiana, Norway, and one which he prizes very highly. It came from the government museum at Christiana, and is an exact copy of two dead having been preserved and placed on exhibition in the museum. The deeds are for a certain farm which the Sogard family has possessed for centuries and upon which two of his brothers—Simon, of Webster City, and John, of Iowa City—were born. The first deed is dated July 1, 1381, or more than 500 years ago.

A better realization of the age of this deed is had when it is remembered that the Sogard family was in possession of the farm more than 100 years before Columbus discovered America, and it is probable that their ownership dates much farther back than is shown by this deed. The latter instrument was executed in 1548, nearly 75 years before the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers at Plymouth.

Convicts to be Rented.

The state of Georgia will auction off her convicts, both white and black, about 2,300 in number, on the first of April. From those who will be this sold into servitude are excepted boys under 15 years of age, and such as are aged, diseased or infirm convicts as in the judgment of the commission should not be hired out, and such convicts under one or two years sentence as may be hired to county authorities under the provision of the said act. Those who purchase these convicts will be allowed to resell them to the best advantage.

Will Oppose Annexation.

Joseph O. Carter, of Honolulu, the opponent of annexation, arrived in Washington the other day. He is an elder brother of the late Henry A. P. Carter, minister of Hawaii. Mr. Carter is the business adviser of ex-Queen Liliuokalani as well as her friend, on whose loyalty she can depend absolutely. While Mr. Carter has come to Washington to oppose annexation, it is certain he is there also to serve the best interests of the ex-queen should a treaty of annexation be ratified.

CANADA SCORED

For Not Contributing to the Defences of the Empire.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, speaking at Bristol, Eng., the other evening, ridiculed the notion of providing granaries as has been suggested in some quarters. He said he was convinced the British navy was strong enough to hold its own, and in any war England would have many friends ready to supply corn.

Referring to the coming budget estimates, he said these would show that the government was fully alive to keeping up the standard of the army and navy; though, he declared it was not creditable to Canada or fair to English taxpayers that such a colony should practically contribute nothing to the naval defences of the empire. He hoped Canada would soon turn her attention to this matter, adding that he was convinced that if she did not the day would come when she would have "a rude awakening, which would be entirely her own fault."

The highest order that was ever instituted on earth is the order of faith.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Northern Pacific R'y TIME TABLE.

MAIN LINE.			
Arr.	Dep.	Winnipeg	Dep.
11:00 a.m.	1:30 p.m.	Winnipeg	1:00 p.m.
7:55 a.m.	11:55 a.m.	Morris	2:30 p.m.
5:15 a.m.	10:50 a.m.	Emerson	2:30 p.m.
4:15 a.m.	10:50 a.m.	Fennell	3:30 p.m.
10:20 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	Grand Forks	7:55 a.m.
1:15 p.m.	4:05 a.m.	Winnipeg June	10:4 p.m.
	7:30 a.m.	Duluth	8:00 a.m.
	8:30 a.m.	Minneapolis	6:00 a.m.
	8:00 a.m.	St. Paul	7:15 a.m.
	10:30 a.m.	Chicago	9:55 a.m.

MORRIS-BRANDON BRANCH.			
Depart	Arrive	Depart	Arrive
Mon. Wed. and Fri.	Thurs. and Sat.	Thurs. and Sat.	Mon. Wed. and Fri.
10:30 a.m.	Winnipeg	4:00 p.m.	Brandon
12:15 p.m.	Morris	2:20 p.m.	Brandon
1:15 p.m.	Roland	1:25 p.m.	Brandon
1:30 p.m.	Rosebank	1:07 p.m.	Brandon
1:50 p.m.	Miami	12:53 p.m.	Brandon
2:25 p.m.	Almont	12:21 p.m.	Brandon
2:45 p.m.	Samorset	12:03 p.m.	Brandon
3:40 p.m.	Greenway	11:10 a.m.	Brandon
3:55 p.m.	Baldur	10:56 a.m.	Brandon
4:11 p.m.	Beumont	10:35 a.m.	Brandon
4:37 p.m.	Hilton	10:17 a.m.	Brandon
5:00 p.m.	Wassena	9:55 a.m.	Brandon
5:25 p.m.	Bountswate	9:34 a.m.	Brandon
6:00 p.m.	Brandon	9:00 a.m.	Brandon

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE BRANCH.			
Depart	Arrive	Depart	Arrive
Mon. Wed. and Fri.	Thurs. and Sat.	Thurs. and Sat.	Mon. Wed. and Fri.
4:45 p.m.	Winnipeg	12:55 p.m.	Brandon
7:30 p.m.	Portage la Prairie	8:30 a.m.	Brandon

CHAS. S. FEE, H. SWINFORD, G.P. & T.A., St. Paul, Gen. Agt., Winnipeg

The Lake Manitoba Railway & Canal Co.

Going North read down. Going South read up.

2nd Class	1st Class	2nd Class	1st Class
No. 1	No. 2	No. 1	No. 2
Mon. Fri.	Tues. Sat.	Mon. Fri.	Tues. Sat.
10:45	Portage la Prairie	12:00	Brandon
11:2	Maid maid	12:25	Brandon
11:50	W. St. Bourne	12:00	Brandon
12:50	W. St. Bourne	12:25	Brandon
13:30	Gla. Stone	12:00	Brandon
14:00	Gladstone	12:25	Brandon
14:30	Edgville	12:00	Brandon
14:50	Phumas	12:25	Brandon
15:00	Glenora	12:45	Brandon
15:30	Glenora	12:00	Brandon
16:00	Edgville	12:25	Brandon
16:30	Laurier	12:45	Brandon
17:15	Makinak	13:00	Brandon
17:45	Ochre River	13:15	Brandon
18:30	Dunham	13:25	Brandon
19:00	Valley River	13:00	Brandon
20:25	Sifton	13:00	Brandon
20:55	Fork River	9:25	Brandon
21:30	Winnipeg	8:45	Brandon

D. R. HANNA, Superintendent.

Manitoba & Northwestern Railway

TIME TABLE.

Read down	Stations	Read up
Mon. Wed. Fri.	Tues. Thurs. Sat.	Mon. Wed. Fri.
1st Class	2nd Class	1st Class
10:45	Winnipeg	12:00
11:2	Air Line Junction	12:25
11:50	Berzen	12:00
12:50	Roscoe	12:25
13:30	Meaford	12:00
14:00	Marquette	12:25
14:30	Redburn	12:00
14:50	Poplar Point	12:25
15:30	High Bluff	12:00
16:00	Portage la Prairie	12:25
16:30	Macdonald	12:00
17:00	Westburn	12:25
17:30	Woodale	12:00
18:00	Gladstone	12:25
18:30	Midway	12:00
19:00	Arden	12:25
19:30	Neepawa	12:00
20:00	Franklin	12:25
20:30	Minneapolis	12:00

Read down	Stations	Read up
Mon. Wed. Fri.	Tues. Thurs. Sat.	Mon. Wed. Fri.
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10:45	Winnipeg	12:00
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14:30	Redburn	12:00
14:50	Poplar Point	12:25
15:30	High Bluff	12:00
16:00	Portage la Prairie	12:25
16:30	Macdonald	12:00
17:00	Westburn	12:25
17:30	Woodale	12:00
18:00	Gladstone	12:25
18:30	Midway	12:00
19:00	Arden	12:25
19:30	Neepawa	12:00
20:00	Franklin	12:25
20:30	Minneapolis	12:00

SHILLBURN BRANCH.	
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Sweet Caporal

Cigarettes,
Standard of
the World.

KINNEY BROS.,
New York.

—THE—

Qu'Appelle : Progress

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
At the Printing Office, Qu'Appelle Station,
Assa, N.W.T., Canada.

Subscription Price \$1 per annum in ad-
vance; \$1.50 if not so paid.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business cards as per arrangement ac-
cording to space.

Transient Ads, such as Legal Notices,
By-Laws, Tenders, Notice of Meetings, etc.,
10 cents per line first insertion, and 5 cents
each subsequent insertion, solid nonpareil
measure.

Reading notices in local columns 10 cents
per line each insertion.

Advertisements of Wares, To Let, Found,
Lost, etc., 50c for first insertion, 25c for
each subsequent insertion. This class of
ads. must be accompanied by cash to insure
publication.

Church Notices and Society Entertain-
ments from which a revenue is to be derived
will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents
per line.

Rates for Commercial, Contract and Per-
manent advertisements will be furnished on
application.

A liberal commission allowed to parties
willing to act as agents for us. Write for
terms.

S. T. SCOTT,
Editor and Publisher.

THURSDAY, FEB. 3, 1898.

THE FELT FACTORY.

A letter from Mr. Cowan to a
friend in town, states that most of
the machinery for the felt factory
has been purchased and when com-
plete will cost in the neighborhood
of from \$10,000 to \$12,000. In
the event of the by-law not passing,
he recommends the placing of the
factory at Winnipeg. This imply
means that if our ratepayers are
not alive to their own interests,
the factory will be established else-
where.

Now, gentlemen, get a move on
and cast your ballots for the by-
law granting the company exemp-
tion from taxation for the time
they ask. If Qu'Appelle ever had
an opportunity to advance, she has
it now. Situate as we are in the
heart of a fertile region—plenty of
cattle, etc., there is nothing to pre-
vent our district from being a pro-
minent factor in the supply market
which is now opening in the mining
regions. Already horses, dogs,
flour and butter are being shipped
from this point for the gold fields.
If there is any business in you, get
to work and work for his by-law.
It means money to the district if
the industry is established here.
If you kill the by-law there are

BABY'S SKIN

Freed from all Eruptions,
Made Pure and White by
DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

Mothers take a pride in having their
infants' skin of that delicate pink and
white—soft as velvet. When torturing and
disfiguring eruptions seize upon the little
body, they want a remedy that will not
disappoint nor fail. Time and again Dr.
Chase's Ointment has proven itself a
specific for all skin diseases to which
babies are peculiarly subject.

MRS. CHAS. K. MOSS, of Berlin, Ont.,
had a little baby 6 months old, with itching
sores on her body. Dr. Chase's Ointment
cured her when everything else failed.

Another mother who holds Dr. Chase's
Ointment in high esteem is MRS. JAS.
BROWN, Molesworth, Ont. Her baby boy
was covered all over the face, sides and
hips with Eczema. The first application
of the Ointment stopped the itching, and
3 boxes effected a complete cure.

These are but samples of the hundreds
of mothers who are delighted with Dr.
Chase's Ointment.

Price, 25 Cents a Box.
Sold by all druggists. W. H. Johnson, Bates & Co.,
Toronto, Ont.

many places—Winnipeg especially
—which will only be too glad to
have the factory started in their
midst.

A Mother's Story—Her Little Girl Cured of Croup.

Having tried your medicine, my faith is
very high in its powers of curing Coughs
and croup. My little girl has been subject
to the croup for a long time, and I found
nothing to cure it until I gave Dr. Chase's
Lunseed and Turpentine, which I cannot
speak too highly of.

Mrs. F. W. Bond,
20 Macdonald St. Barrie, Ont.

South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society.

At the annual meeting of the
above society held in the town hall
on Jan. 29th, the minutes of the
last meeting were read and con-
firmed. About twenty members
were present. The financial report
of the sec-treas. was read and
adopted. There were read acknow-
ledgements of last year's report
from the Dominion and from the
N.W. governments. On the motion
of Mr. S. Mitchell, seconded by T.
C. Bunn, Wm. Henley was elected
president for the coming year. On
the motion of Joseph Fessant,
seconded by Chas. Evans, T. How-
den was elected vice-president for
1898. On the motion of A. H. B.
Sperling, seconded by T. C. Bunn,
A. Matheson, Jr., be the 2nd vice-
president for the ensuing year. On
the motion of Wm. Henley, seconded
by L. G. Bell, the following were
elected to form a board of
directors: S. Mitchell, T. C. Bunn,
A. H. B. Sperling, L. G. Bell, Jr.,
A. J. Elve, Jos. Fessant, C. F.
Musgrove and F. G. Whiting.
Moved by Wm. Henley, seconded
by T. C. Bunn, that the aforesaid
eight directors represent the society
at the Central Assiniboia associa-
tion. This was carried. J. Don-
little was re-elected sec-treas.
Messrs. Beauchamp and MacCaul
were re-appointed auditors on the
motion of T. C. Bunn, seconded by
L. G. Bell, Jr. The president, J.
Howden, retired and the newly
elected president, Wm. Henley,
took his seat. On the motion of
Wm. Henley and W. Caldwell, a
vote of thanks was given to the
retiring president and officers for
their work of the past year. It
was moved and seconded that the
usual annual reunion be held this
year, and that the date be fixed
for Feb. 16th. On the motion of
T. C. Bunn, seconded by J. How-
den, J. Howden, A. H. B. Sperling,
T. C. Bunn, S. Mitchell, A. J. Elve,
F. G. Whiting, Thos. Clarke, Wm.
Caldwell, A. Matheson, W. R.
Harvey, J. P. Jones, C. F. Mus-
grove, G. R. Skinner, Jr., J. Craig,
T. G. Atkinson, J. Smith, S. Bailey,
were chosen to form a committee
to carry out the entertainment. It
was decided that all the refresh-
ment lists be brought in by noon
of the day of the reunion, and that
the lists be brought in for compar-
ison on Saturday, Feb. 12th, at 2
o'clock. It was also carried un-
animously that Stoney Choppick
and Mr. V. W. Barford be engaged
to furnish the music, if possible.
Wm. Henley, C. F. Musgrove and
A. Gray were appointed the musi-
cal committee. The meeting then
adjourned.

NEW MINING REGULATIONS.

The Dominion Government has
adopted amended regulations gov-
erning in Yukon. The following
summary governing the changes:

Every miner and employer of a
miner will be required to take out
a miner's certificate, the fee for
which will be \$10. In case of a
company it be \$50 or \$100, accord-
ing to the amount of capital stock.

A miners license will confer the
right to mine, fish, hunt, and to cut
timber for mining purposes.

A miners claim is 200 feet, with
an additional area to a discoverer.

Every alternate ten claims are
reserved by the Government of
Canada.

Sub aqueous mining leases will
be issued in five-mile sections on a
fee of \$100 a mile per annum and
the usual royalty.

The fee for renewing and record-
ing claims shall be \$15.

Any number of miners not less
than five, more than one hundred
miles distant from the office of the

MADE ME A NEW WOMAN

The Life of Mrs. McMaster,
of Toronto, is Saved.

A Case that Proved Too Difficult
for the Physician Yields to
the Wonderful Virtues
of Paine's Celery Compound.

A Signal Victory for the King
of Medicines.

Pains Banished, Eyesight Quite Re-
stored, and a New Life Begun.

Wells & Richardson Co.,

Gentlemen:—Ten years ago I
was attacked with neuralgia, and
though treated by six doctors, the
disease grew worse and nearly
drove me insane. I was for one
summer an out door patient at the
hospital here, but only got tempo-
rary relief.

I was sleepless for nights, my
digestion was bad, and I would feel
a pain in my stomach every time I
ate anything. Day after day I
suffered the most intense agony,
and I often wonder I didn't go
crazy. I took endless medicines
given me by medical men, and
getting worse, I became utterly
disheartened.

One day my deliverance came.
A lady who had suffered as I had
told me that Paine's Celery Com-
pound had cured her. I used the
Compound as a last resort, and it
simply made a new woman of me.

The pain vanished; my eyesight,
which was impaired, returned, and
I felt myself growing well, and I
never felt happier in my life. I
am now well and strong, and all
my health and happiness are due
to Paine's Celery Compound. I
will always gratefully remember
the medicine that cured me, and
will speak a good word for it.

Mrs. Thomas McMaster,
46 Cumberland St. Toronto.

mining recorder, may appoint a
recorder, who shall record claims
and within three months transfer
the record and fees to the nearest
mining recorder.

A royalty of ten per cent on all
gold mined shall be levied and col-
lected by the Government officers
appointed for the purpose, but
provision is made for the exemption
of the annual product of any mine
up to \$2,500, so that claims that
do not produce more than \$2,500 a
year will not be liable for royalty.

Provision is made to prevent
speculation in claims by throwing
open to entry any claim that has
not been worked for a certain num-
ber of days, unless reasonable cause
is shown; and providing that no
record shall be issued for more than
one claim to any miner in the same
locality.

There are other provisions re-
garding the public interest and
revenue, intended to protect them
and at the same time to encourage
mining.

HAVE YOU BACKACHE?

If you have, you don't need to
suffer with it another day. Get Dr.
Chase's Kidney Pills and they will
give you relief as promptly and
effectually as they did MR. D. C.
SIMMONS, of Maybee, Ont. He
says his kidneys and back were
so bad he was unable to work or
sleep. His urine had a brick dust
deposit, and he had to get up 3 or 4
times in the night to pass water.
He has only taken half a box of Dr.
Chase's Kidney Liver Pills, the back
pain has gone, he sleeps well, and
feels well enough to do any kind of
work.

One Pill a Dose.

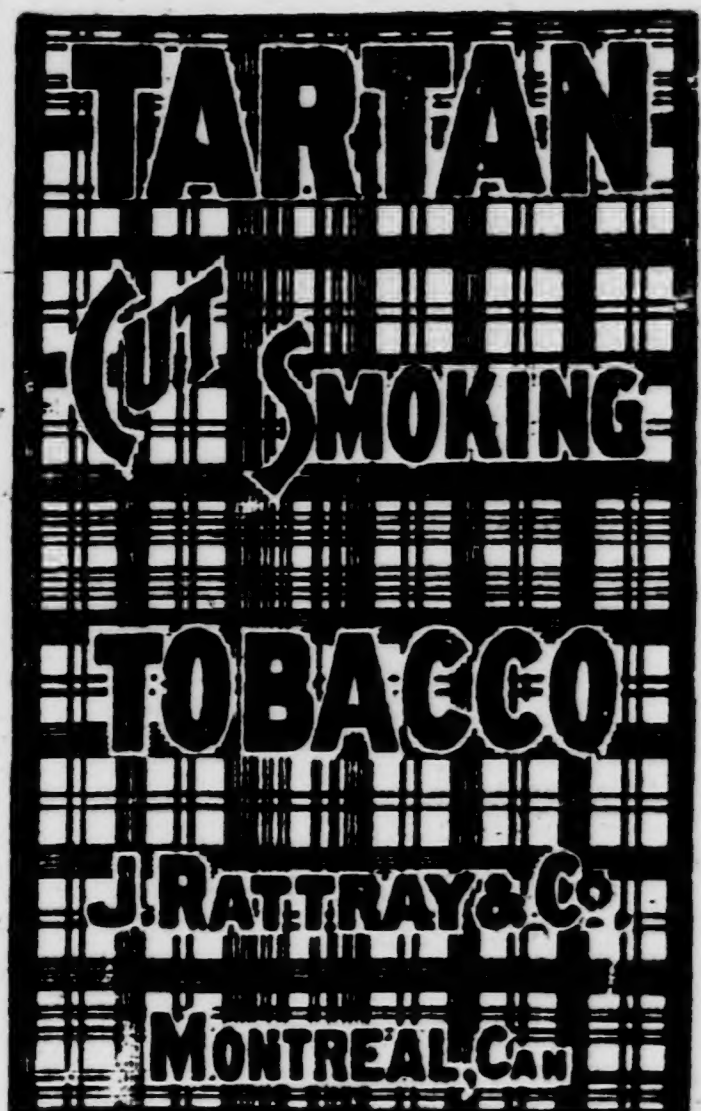
Price, 25 Cents a Box.

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Toronto, Ont.

New Music—Liberal Offer.

To introduce our new monthly publication
American Popular Music, we make the
following liberal offer: Send us the names
of three or more performers on the piano or
organ, and fifteen cents in money or postage,
and we will mail you sixteen pages of the
latest popular songs, two-steps, etc., in
sheet music arranged for piano or organ,
and American Popular Music for three
months.

Address Popular Music Co.,
Indianapolis, Ind.



LEGAL.

D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate,
Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel,
Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

D. C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Phys-
ician, Surgeon, Coroner, Etc. Grad-
uate Toronto University and Licentiate Col-
lege Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M.,
Licentiate of College of Physicians and Sur-
geons, N.W.T. Office at home.

NOTICE

ANY person taking wood of any descrip-
tion off the lands belonging to the
Edgeley estate will be prosecuted. By order
W. C. CAMERON.



F. BELL, Sec.

WANTED.

Industrious Men of Character
THE LINSOTT COMPANY,
TORONTO.

WANTED—CANNASERS—"Queen
Victoria; Her Life and Reign," has
captured the British Empire. Extraordi-
nary testimonials from the great men; send
for copy free. Marquis of Lorne says,
"The best popular life of the Queen I have
seen." Her Majesty sends a kind letter of
appreciation. Selling by thousands; gives
enthusiastic satisfaction. Cannasers make
\$15 to \$20 weekly. THE BRADLEY GARRET-
SON CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS SELL "KLONDIKE GOLD
Fields" like a whirlwind. Prospec-
tus 25 cents, worth \$1.00. Big pay. Cap-
ital unnecessary. THE BRADLEY GARRET-
SON CO., Limited, Toronto.

If You are Energetic and Strong,
If you are above foolish prejudice against
canvassing for a good book, write and get
my proposition. The information will cost
nothing.

I have put hundreds of men in the way
of making money; some of whom are now
rich.

I can do good things for you, if you are
honorable and will work hard.
T. S. LINSOTT, Toronto.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,

House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging
and Kalsomining

ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

QU'APPELLE STATION and
INDIAN HEAD.

The Leland Hotel.

QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

The most popular house in the west.
Modern conveniences. Home comforts.
First-class cuisine. Choice liquors and
cigars. Good sample rooms for commo-
dious travellers. Convenient to railway.
Headquarters for stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.

THOS. BLACKWELL, Prop.

The Queen's Hotel.

Thos. Hilliard, Prop.
FIRST-Class accommodation for guests.
Table supplied with the best in the
market. Fine sample rooms for commo-
dious travellers. Choice brands of Wines, Li-
quors and Cigars. Porter meets all trains.
Rates \$1 per day.



KLONDYKE

Write for pamphlet
descriptive of the
routes to the Yu-
kon country, and
sailing dates,
rates, etc.

Sailings for

FEBRUARY:

City of Nanaimo	Feb. 3
Queen	" 6
Danube	" 8
City of Topeka	" 9
Islander	" 15
City of Nanaimo	" 17
Verona	" 19
Danube	" 23
City of Topeka	" 24

All agents can ticket through, which will
include meals and berths.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. agent, or to
ROBERT KERR,
Traffic Manager, Winnipeg

Ocean Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Cheapest and quickest route to the Old
Country.

	From St. John.
Lake Huron	Beaver Line, Feb. 2
Lake Superior	Beaver Line, Feb. 9
Germanic	White Star Line, Feb. 2
Toronic	White Star Line, Feb. 9
New York	American Line, Feb. 5
Paris	American Line, Feb. 2
Anania	Canadian Line, Feb. 9
Lucania	Canadian Line, Feb. 12
Prinsland	Red Star Line, Feb. 2
Kensington	Red Star Line, Feb. 9
	From Portland.
Labrador	Dominion Line, Feb. 2
Vancouver	Dominion Line, Feb. 19
Mongolian	Allan Line, Feb. 5
Panama	Allan Line, Feb. 17

Cabin \$40, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, up-
wards. Intermediate \$30 to \$35. Steerage
\$24.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all point
in Great Britain and Ireland and specially
low rates to all parts of the European
Continent. Prepaid passages arranged from all
points. Apply to the Station Agent, Qu'Appelle.

Or to WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent, Winnipeg

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GET RICH QUICKLY. Write today for
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the fascinating story of a poor inventor who
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or model of your invention and we will
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foreign applications. References: Hono-
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papers, Banks, Express Companies & clients
in any locality. All Patents secured through
our agency are brought before the public by
a special notice in over 30 newspapers.
MARION & MARION, Patent Experts,
Temple Building, 18 St. James St., Montreal.
The only firm of Graduate Engineers in
the Dominion transacting patent business
exclusively. Mention this paper.

NEW

Feed, Sale & Exchange STABLES

Cor. Pacific avenue and Walsh street.

First-class accommodation and
obliging attendants. Charges
moderate.

S. T. GIBSON, - - Proprietor.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE ON TRAINS AT BOOKSTORES 5c

OU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

Thursday, February 3, 1898.

PERSONIFIED SATAN.

Causes a Wild Scene in Which a Church is Burned.

The prank of a minister's son at Bourdon, Ind., had a serious ending on a recent Sunday evening. Rev. Mr. Akin, of the Bethel church, took for his text on that occasion "His Satanic Majesty," and being an eloquent man, he painted the arch fiend in vivid colors. At the climax of the description a being dressed to represent the devil, with large head and switching tail, ambled up the aisle, blowing smoke from his nostrils and belching. "I am the devil, and I want all of you." The audience became panic-stricken. Men, women and children were hurled to the floor and trampled upon in the mad rush for the door. In the confusion the stove was upset and the building caught fire. Before the horrified members regained their senses the fire had made such headway that all attempts to save the church were in vain. The next morning George Akin, son of the pastor, confessed that he, with the help of other boys, rigged up a devil suit, and, knowing the subject of his father's sermon, concealed himself behind a chair, and awaited the arrival of the audience.

NOW A VERY HAPPY MAN.

Mr. T. R. Baxter says:
"After the Use of Seven Bottles of Paine's Celery Compound I was Perfectly Cured and Feel Young Again."

THE GREAT MEDICINE IS TRIUMPHANTLY VICTORIOUS AFTER MEDICAL MEN FAIL.

This Almost Miraculous Cure Has Vastly Increased the Fame of Paine's Celery Compound in the Maritime Provinces.

Assurance and Hope for the Most Desperate Cases.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.

DEAR SIR:—I desire to let you know about my wonderful cure by your precious medicine, Paine's Celery Compound.

I was afflicted with three complaints that made my life a misery and a burden. I had erysipelas for forty years, bleeding piles for fifteen years, and sciatica rheumatism for over a year.

I tried the doctors and all kinds of medicines, but no help or relief was afforded me, and I could not eat or sleep. I was then advised to use Paine's Celery Compound, and, oh, what a mighty change! The use of the first bottle enabled me to eat and sleep, and after using seven bottles I was quite another man—was perfectly cured, and felt young again. All that I have written can be proven by merchants, doctors, magistrates and three ministers of the Gospel, and by scores of other people. I shall always thank you and your wonderful medicine, Paine's Celery Compound.

THOS. R. BAXTER,

Karsdale, N. S.

I hereby certify that Paine's Celery Compound has made a well man of Thos. R. Baxter.

JAMES H. THORNE,

Justice of the Peace.

Prince of Wales Stamp.

Philatelists will be interested to hear that specimens of the new two-cent Newfoundland postage stamp, bearing the portrait of the Prince of Wales, and the new one-cent stamp which has the latest portrait of the queen, arrived in London the other day. The new two-cent stamp is interesting mainly because it revives the image of the Prince of Wales.

No other current postage stamp exists with the Prince of Wales' portrait. But it will be news to most people except philatelists that two other portraits of his royal highness of different periods have already appeared on postage stamps—in both cases those of Newfoundland. One of them showed the Prince of Wales as a boy in Highland costume with the Glengarry cap; the other, dating from 1860, has a portrait of his royal highness arrived at manhood.

Woman's Idea of Excellence.

The economical and wise woman, who has the management of a home, knows from experience that when the "excellence" of any home necessity is established and guaranteed, money and time are saved when such goods are used.

The Diamond Dyes for home dyeing have a world-wide reputation, and stand first in purity, strength, fastness and simplicity of use. When the Diamond Dyes are used, old, faded and dingy garments are made to look as good as new at an exceedingly small cost.

Diamond Dyes, like all other popular and perfect goods, are largely imitated. Do not allow your dealer to sell you some inferior make of dye; ask for the "Diamond" and see that you get them.

Send to Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P. Q., for valuable book of directions and sample card of colors, sent free to any address.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL

"ARMEDA" CEYLON TEA

Put up in lead packages.
Also Japans and Hysons.
A. H. CANNING & CO., Wholesale Agents
57 Front East, Toronto.

Artificial Eggs.

Artificial eggs are now an article of manufacture. England uses a great many. They are not artificial eggs sold in shells. They are sold with shells off them, and they go to bakers, confectioners and such people. They are made of carrots, saffron and other compounds, and when baked up into an omelet or cake you wouldn't know them from the natural ones. In fact they are much superior to natural stale eggs any day. You can buy these artificial eggs in bulk by the quart or bushel, same as you would oysters or clams.

DEAR SIR:—I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism, and lately have been confined to my bed. Seeing your MINARD'S LINIMENT advertised, I tried it and got immediate relief. Inscribe my restoration to health to the wonderful power of your medicine.

LEWIS S. BUTLER.

Burin, Nfld.

It Should Be Copied.

A strong tribute to the merits of the German accident insurance system is rendered in a report to the U. S. state department from United States Consul Monohan, at Chemnitz, Germany, published in the daily consular reports. He shows that the workmen wounded by accident in Germany have been paid in the last 11 years, over and above their wages, nearly \$12,000,000 and the claim is made that the employers pay the enormous sums defrayed in this way.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER SET FREE.

South American Nerve Carries Health and Happiness Wherever it Goes.

"My daughter was afflicted with nervous fainting spells for over a year. They caused great weakness. Nothing that could be done for her gave her any relief until we tried South American Nerve. There was a wonderful change for the better after a few doses. She continued in the treatment, and to-day she is as well as ever. My wife also was a victim of indigestion, dyspepsia and nervous prostration and this great remedy has been a great benefit to her. We cheerfully recommend it." J. W. McRitchie, Bothwell, Ont.

Never be afraid of what is good; the good is always the road to what is true.—Hammerton.

BAFFLED THE DOCTORS.

But had no Power to Resist the Healing Tide—South American Kidney Cure Never Fails.

"For fifteen years I was racked by severe kidney troubles. For weeks at a time I was unable to go about so severe were the pains in my side. All remedies failed me, and my case baffled physicians. I was induced to try South American Kidney Cure. It worked like magic, and in a very short while the pains left me, my strength returned, and I am well."—Mrs. V. Matthews, Greywood, N. S.

True friendship is like sound health—the value of it is seldom known until it is lost.—Colton.

RHEUMATIC SLAVES

Are Being Freed by the Thousands Under the Benign Influence of South American Rheumatic Cure.

"I was a slave to rheumatism in a very acute form for over a year. I could not attend to business. The pains in my limbs were intense. I tried South American Rheumatic Cure. After using one bottle I was so greatly benefited I continued using it, and to-day, after using only three bottles, I am perfectly well." F. G. Cole, Grain Merchant, Flesherton, Ont.

Flattery pleases very generally. In the first place, the flatterer may think what he says to be true; but in the second place, whether he thinks so or not he certainly thinks those whom he flatters of consequence enough to be flattered.—Johnson.

MEN WHO ARE WEAK

To all those suffering from Nervous Debility and Weakness, LOSS OF VIGOR and premature Decay, Indolence, Lack of Confidence, mental depression, Palpitation of the Heart, Weak memory, Exhausted Vitality, Errors of Youth, Varicocele, etc.

81 BOX OF MEDICINE FREE

THREE SCORE YEARS AND TEN, the greatest remedy for men, acts in 24 hours. One box shows wonderful results in most cases, in obstinate and hopeless cases, and will surely cure in seven cases, sent a free on receipt of 12 cents in stamp or prepaid postage, full regular 81 box with valuable medicine book, rules for health, and what to avoid. If you have tried others and failed don't miss this. Write at once. (We could not help you we should not make this honest offer.)

Address: QUEEN MEDICINE CO., Box 947 M., Montreal.

Of two evils we should always choose the least.—Thomas a Kempis.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

First find the man in yourself if you will inspire manliness in others.—Alcott.

Minard's Liniment the best hair restorer.

A LUMBERMAN'S LIFE.

CONSTANTLY EXPOSED TO INCLEMENT WEATHER.

He Falls an Easy Victim to Rheumatism and Kindred Troubles—A Twenty Years Sufferer Tells How He Found Relief.

From the Richibucto, N. B., Review.

Mr. Wm. Murray, of Cormiersville, N. B., is an old and respected farmer, and a pioneer settler of the thriving little village he now makes his home. While Mr. Murray was yet a young man, he, together with his father and brother, founded one of the best mill properties to be seen in those early days. The mills consisted of a sawmill and a gristmill, and were operated and managed by the two brothers. Labor saving appliances being then comparatively unknown, the young men were exposed to dangers and difficulties almost unknown to the present generation. One of the greatest evils in connection with the business was exposure to wet and cold, which, though unheeded at the time, have crippled its victim with rheumatism. In a late conversation regarding his disease, Mr. Murray told the following story of his long misery and final cure by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills:

"For over twenty years I have been a sufferer from rheumatism. I attribute the cause of the disease to the time when as a young man I worked at our mills. In the winter we would haul logs on the pond where the alternate thaws and frosts of early spring would imbue them in the ice and slush. When the time came for starting up the mill I would go out on the pond, sometimes in water up to my knees and work away from morning till night chopping logs out of the slush and ice. I was generally wet from head to foot, and every second night of the week I would, without changing my clothes, stay up and run the mill till daybreak. So you see I was for two days at a time in a suit of partially wet clothes, and this would last until the ice had melted in the pond. After a few years rheumatism fastened itself upon me as a reward for this indiscretion, and ever increasing in its malignity it at last became so bad that for weeks in succession I could only go about with the aid of crutches. At other times I was able to hobble about the house by the aid of two canes, and again at other times it would ease off a little and I was able to do a little work, but could never stand it for more than a couple of hours at a time. The least bit of walking in damp weather would overcome me and I remember one stormy night when I tried to walk from Cocagne Bridge to my home, a distance of five miles, that I had to sit down by the roadside six times, to ease the terrible pain that had seized my legs. During all those years of agony I think I tried all the patent medicines I could get a hold of, but they did me no good at all. I consulted doctors but my sufferings remained undiminished. In the fall of 1895 I went to a doctor in Buctouche to see if there were any means by which I might at least be eased of my suffering. The doctor said frankly, 'Mr. Murray you cannot be cured, nothing can cure you.' I was not satisfied and then I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I procured half a dozen boxes and began taking them at once. I soon felt a change for the better and after my supply had been finished I got another half dozen boxes and continued taking them according to directions. That dozen boxes was all I took and you see me now. I am alive and smart and can do any kind of work. I did my farming this spring and could follow the plow for days without feeling any rheumatic pains. Yes, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did me a world of good and I strongly recommend them for the cure of rheumatism.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines had failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, 'Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.' Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box.

Those who make the worst use of their time most complain of its shortness.—La Bruyere.

Sun Insurance Office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
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London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
Winnipeg.

To live a life which is a perpetual falsehood is to suffer unknown tortures.—Victor Hugo.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

Politeness is the flower of humanity.—Joubert.

Minard's Liniment is the best.

W. N. U. 152.

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HAS NO EQUAL. PURE, FRAGRANT AND DELICIOUS. ALL GROCERS. LEAD PACKETS. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per pound.

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A HOUSE? A FARM?
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If so, see or write me, and you will find my terms such as will enable you to effect a saving.

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The largest and finest stock of Flower, Field, Garden and Bird Seeds.

Send for my handsome illustrated Catalogue FREE.

Address—J. M. PERKINS, Seedman, 221 Market St., WINNIPEG, MAN.

YOUR ATTENTION

Our No. 1 Collection contains 25 full sized packets of the best Vegetable Seeds, sufficient to furnish vegetables throughout the year, and one packet of Wild Garden Flower Seeds, which we will send prepaid to any address in the Dominion of Canada or United States for the extremely low price of \$1.

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Our No. 4 Collection contains 40 packets of Flower Seeds for \$1.

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Our No. 6 Collection contains 10 packets of Flower Seeds for 25c.

All prepaid on receipt of price. For varieties in above collections see our Handsome Illustrated Catalogue containing other great offers. Mailed free to any address.

R. ALSTON, Royal Greenhouse & Seed Establishment, WINNIPEG, MAN.

ACETYLENE GAS IS MADE FROM

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100 LB TINS \$4.50
SPECIAL RATES
ON TON QUANTITIES
OR OVER.

RAWYLLIE, DISTRIBUTING AGENT, WESTERN CANADIAN BLOCK, WINNIPEG.

The E. B. Eddy Co's

CALENDAR FOR 1898

Will not be issued till March next at the earliest. We have been too busy to find time to get up a bright and attractive calendar for our friends.

If you want a copy in March, send a post card request now to

The E. B. Eddy Co., Limited

HULL, CANADA.

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371 Main Street, WINNIPEG

Mark Twain's advice to those who lack bread
"Eat cake" was good, but they should
drink Blue Ribbon Tea with it.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL

Qu'Appelle Observatory.

Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1898.

	Maximum.	Minimum
Wednesday, Jan. 26	1	-17
Thursday, " 27	20	-2
Friday, " 28	0	-11
Saturday, " 29	15	-12
Sunday, " 30	14	-10
Monday, " 31	3	-16
Tuesday, Feb. 1	0	-10

Local and General

For willow fence posts, call on Creamer & Gray.—adv.

Mr. H. S. H. Goodier has gone out to Springbrook for a few days.

Mr. Atkinson, the evangelist, came on Monday's train from the east.

Mrs. Councillor Broley left this week for Elkhorn on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Travis.

Messrs. Creamer & Gray, agents for the Qu'Appelle Valley flouring mills, received orders this week to ship west three carloads of flour for the Klondyke.

The many Qu'Appelle friends of Mr. R. Molloy, of the C. P. R. Kenney, were pleased to see him in town last Saturday. He returned home the same evening.

Mr. E. W. Warner, General Freight Agent, of the C. P. R. Winnipeg, after spending a few days in town renewing old acquaintances returned home on Saturday.

Mr. H. S. H. Goodier contemplates giving a lecture in Indian Head in the near future on "Singing." He will be assisted by local talent from Qu'Appelle Station and Indian Head.

The Rev. T. Ferrier gave his lecture on the "Philosophy of Faith" before a fair audience in the Methodist church on Monday evening. We can only say that those who were away missed a great treat. The lecture was not only full of sound advice, but also full of humor.

Mr. W. Vatcher returned Monday from Beaver Hills, where he has been engaged in ranching. All the ponies in the district have been bought up for the Klondyke trade. Mr. Vatcher found it necessary to walk a distance of seventy miles. Billy says he is just practicing for the Klondyke himself.

We have seen a "blood-red banner" streaming around town the last few days, advertising that well-known firm of bicycles, the Welland Vale. Mr. H. S. H. Goodier is the local agent for this firm. Catalogues and quotations may be had from him on application. We wish him every "Perfect" success in his "Garden City" of the west—"Dominion." Come "wheel" with us? we hope the machines will.

A magic lantern entertainment and concert will be held in the Gealey Hall, under the auspices of the Edgeley Football club, on Monday, 11th inst. Skiffs will leave the Qu'Appelle hotel at 6 p.m. sharp, to convey parties from town who wish to attend to and from the concert, for which no charge will be made. Accommodation for ladies also provided. Doors open at 7, to commence at 7:30. Tickets, 25c; children, 12c.

Last Sunday, owing to Mr. Gert being away on a holiday, the Lord Bishop of the Diocese held services in the pro-cathedral. His Lordship preached in the morning on the turning of the water into wine; and on the omniscience of

Christ in the evening. Evensong was said at 6:30 instead of 7, to enable his Lordship to take the train to Indian Head.

All accounts owing to the late firm of R. Johnson, are requested to be settled at once. R. Johnston.

Wm. Braley was duly elected as a member of the council to fill a vacancy for the balance of the current year.

J. Doolittle reports that he is selling a farm nearly every day. Parties intending to buy are missing their chance of finding what they want.

Mrs. S. T. Scott received word from Winnipeg to-day that her mother, Mrs. Theodore Jasper, is seriously ill, and little hopes are held out for her recovery.

An adjourned meeting of the Liberal association will be held at the town hall on Saturday afternoon, at 2 p.m. A large attendance is requested.

Mr. J. F. Lindsay, general agent for the Massey-Harris Co., and Sheriff Murphy, of Moosomin, attended the banquet in honor of Mr. Bulyea on Jan. 27th last.

As will be seen by advertisement in another column, the Sunbeam Farming Co., Limited, have resolved to wind up business. Mr. A. A. M. Dale has been appointed liquidator.

The new time table on the C. P. R. came into effect on the 1st inst. The train from the east now arrives at 6:57 and that from the west at 18:25. Letters for the east will require to be mailed before 6 o'clock in the evening.

Mrs. Egan, of Gladstone, Ont., and Miss Maud Blackwell, of the Leland, are on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Blackwell, of the Leland. We are glad to hear that Miss Maud Blackwell is doing as well as can be expected under such trying circumstances.

A gentleman who is purchasing ponies for the Klondyke trade had rather a rude shock the other day. His partner, on learning of a purchase he had made of three very fair looking animals, suggested to him that one of the ponies would need "specs." On closer examination it was found that the partner was correct and that the animal was blind. "Bless my soul!"

The South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society will hold its annual re-union on the 16th inst. As the Central Exhibition will be held here this year, each person purchasing a ticket for the re-union becomes a member of the Society. A good time is expected, as the members of the Society are sparing no pains to make this the event of the season.

Mr. J. McMichael left for Toronto and vicinity last evening to purchase a carload of first-class heavy draught horses, which he will bring back with him on his return, about April 1st. The McMichael Bros. are among our most enterprising farmers and stock-raisers, and this district owes them no little thanks for their enterprise in bringing in only good stock.

The February number of The Delineator is called the Mid-winter number, and again thoroughly justifies its reputation as woman's authority in fashions and literature. The latest winter styles are elaborately illustrated and accurately described. Order from the local agent for the Butterick Patterns.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded Highest Honor, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

or address the Delineator Publishing Co. Limited, 33 Richmond St., West, Toronto, Ont. Subscription price of the Delineator, \$1.00 per year, single copies 15 cts.

Miss E. Pauline Johnson, who appears here in one of her own unique and famous recitals, on the 10th inst., is the gifted daughter of Chief G. H. M. Johnson, Head Chief of the Mohawks on the Six Nations Indian Reserve, Grand River, Ontario. She has visited the chief cities of Great Britain and America, all of which endorse and applaud her. John Greenleaf Whittier, the Quaker poet, says of her: "They praise her strength as well as beauty; there is a splendid opportunity before thee."

We hear that the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, will publish during the next few months special articles of extraordinary interest about farming in the North West. The information which is at the service of the Family Herald is said to be of enormous value. The Family Herald readers are sure to get the latest and the best information about the gold fields, the gold fever, and how to profit most by them. It is no wonder that the Family Herald and Weekly Star holds its old subscribers and is getting myriads of new subscribers every week.

STINGING SKIN DISEASES

By one application of Dr. J. C. H. Ointment in ten minutes: I radically cures netter, salt rheum, eczema. No case too long standing to baffie it on a fair trial. For babies' scald head, common at teething time, it is without a peer. 35 cents.

Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Springbrook.

(From our own corres. correspondent.)

At the literary society meeting on the evening of Jan. 21st, more than common interest was manifested in behalf of the debate, the subject being an up to date one. "Resolved, that a prohibitory liquor law, or prohibition, would be in the interests of Canada." After a vigorous and enthusiastic discussion, the decision was given in favor of the affirmative. And we sincerely hope that ere long this may be the voice of our fair Dominion. The debate on the 28th, "Resolved, that the civilized are happier than the uncivilized," resulted in a victory for the affirmative.

There will be no literary meeting on Friday of this week, but a preparatory service will be conducted by the Revs. Matheson and MacAfee. The communion service will be held on Sunday, Feb. 6th, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Our school, under the able management of Mr. Nelson, is steadily improving both in standing and number of pupils, and it has been said that if this continues we shall be obliged to enlarge our school in the near future.

Diamond Dyes are the Only Safe and Pure Dye-stuffs.

Our legislators have enacted stringent laws for the prevention of food adulteration, and as a result our people have been benefited, and all classes of our population get value for their money.

It would be a boon to the women of Canada if the adulteration act applied to the package dyes for home dyeing. Dyestuffs are now used in tens of thousands of homes and too frequently valuable goods and materials are spoiled by use of adulterated dyes that should be prohibited by law.

The Diamond Dyes for long years have given the most complete satisfaction. They are the only reliable pure and fast dyes before the public—the only package dyes that can stand the most crucial chemical tests.

Diamond Dyes are sold by all up to date druggists and dealers. If you meet a dealer who recommends some other make of dye, pause before you buy from him. Such a dealer is working only for big profits; he has no regard for your success and comfort.

BIRTHS

PATERSON—At North Portal, Jan. 28, the wife of A. C. Paterson, of a daughter.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

If you want anything in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Etc., call and see us. Prices right.

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FOR : SALE Fresh Killed Meat

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DRESSED : PORK : AND : POULTRY
BOUGHT : AND : SOLD.

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FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES
Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY
ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to
A. D. DICKSON,
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Your Small Boy

could do your marketing for you at my store. Let him stop here on his way to school and repeat your order. You may be sure it will be filled promptly and just as right as if you came yourself.

MRS. E. AMBLER, Qu'Appelle Stn.

Warning

ANY Person found taking wood off the South half of Section 32-17-14, of the South-east quarter of Section 31, same township, will be prosecuted.

T. G. ATKINSON,
16p Sec. 32-17-14.

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Horseshoeing and all Repairing done on shortest notice. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
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